

# Financial Report

# **QATAR CHARITY 2016**

Qatar Charity applies a system of accounting drawn from a comprehensive set of financial policies and regulations that are fully compliant with local and international standards, and in accordance with global best practices in non-profit, non-governmental organizations.

### 1. Qatar Charity Accounting framework

Qatar Charity applies a system of accounting drawn from a comprehensive set of financial policies and regulations that are fully compliant with local and international standards, and in accordance with global best practices in non-profit, non-governmental organizations.

At Qatar Charity, the latest electronic systems and accounting software are used to achieve the organization's vision and strategy and to accomplish its mission and goals in accordance with its values and principles.

Qatar Charity's accounting system has been built around the internal policies that are adopted by the Board of Directors in accordance with the legislative regulations of the organization, and with the accounting principles and best practices for preparation of IFRS reports.

Committed to continuous improvement, Qatar Charity is constantly developing its accounting system to achieve higher levels of transparency and accuracy.

#### Accounting policy:

Several accounting policies are applied in Qatar Charity, all of them based on international accounting standards and principles. The main policies are summarized as follows:

### 1. General accounting policies:

- Application of the accrual-basis of accounting.
- Application of the historical cost principle when preparing the financial statements.
- Accounting policies related to investment properties and granted investment properties.
- Accounting policies related to property, equipment and machinery.
- Accounting policies related to revenue recognition.
- Accounting policies for provisions.
- Accounting policies related to employees' benefits.
- Accounting policies related to financial risk management.
- Accounting policies related to transactions in foreign currencies.
- Accounting policies relating to financial instruments.

#### 2. Accounting policies for revenues:

- Cash donations are recognized upon receipt
- Non-cash donations are recognized on a regular basis during the useful life of the asset
- Contributions and deposits are recognized upon receipt of cash.
- Leases are recognized on an accrual basis.
- Revenue from sale of investments, property, plant and equipment is recognized upon the transfer of ownership to the purchaser.

#### 3. Accounting policies for expenses

- Expenses of activities are recognized when paid.
- Expenses transferred to offices and representative offices outside Qatar are recognized upon the actual payment of the amount abroad and not upon transfer from the headquarters in Qatar.
- The disbursement must be in accordance with approved budgets.
- The disbursement shall be in accordance with the policies, regulations and financial procedures approved by the Board of Directors.
- Transparency must be achieved at all stages of disbursement operations.
- Application of internal control procedures to all disbursements.
- Application of quality standards in all disbursements.

### **Financial risks**

All Qatar Charity's policies are built on a risk-based approach. In line with Qatar Charity's commitment to reduce the financial risks to which it might be exposed, particularly money-laundering and terrorist financing, the Board of Directors formed an internal audit committee

responsible for developing and evaluating risk management policies and internal audit activities and reporting the findings regularly to the Assembly.

A risk management policy has also been adopted to identify and analyze the risks faced by the organization, and to implement the appropriate risk management controls.

A risk register has been developed to identify all potential risks faced by the organization

internally and externally and training is regularly being provided for employees to allow them to identify, respond and minimize the impact of risks when they occur.

### 1. Financial statements 2016

• The total assets amounted to 1,463,216,164 QR, and these assets include those of 22 branches worldwide.

ltem	Amo	Growth rate	
	2016	2015	Growthrate
Current Assets	627,398,725	423,035,254	%48
Non-current assets	835,817,439	832,549,688	%0.4
Total Assets	1,463,216,164	1,255,584,942	%17

• Total donations and revenues in 2016 amounted to 1,045,774,792 QR

ltem	Amo	Growth rate		
	2016	2015		
Donations	993,200,257	966,424,255	%3	
Revenues from investment property and granted investment property	46,340,621	44,580,200	%4	
Other revenues	6,233,914	1,994,413	%213	
Total donations and revenues	1,045,774,792	1,012,998,868	%3	

• Donations and revenues by type of collection for 2016 in comparison with 2015

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ltem	Amount		Growth rate	
	2016	2015		
Text messages	27,956,341	2,072,385	%1249	
Bank transfer	269,669,921	301,243,540	%10-	
Online payment	53,618,055	18,704,898	%187	
Cash	256,441,635	288,693,348	%11-	
Checks	312,797,118	294,522,539	%6	
Credit card	125,291,722	107,762,158	%16	
Total	1,045,774,792	1,012,998,868	%3	

• Total expenditure in 2016 in comparison with 2015

ltem	Amou	% of total		
	2016 2015		-	
Operating activities and projects' expenses	794,712,744	763,858,627	%4	
Investment expenses	21,822,995	21,777,278	%0	
Administrative expenses	41,345,671	45,591,709	%9-	
Operating expenses	60,388,470	49,787,026	%21	
Other expenses	6,470,465	6,905,677	%6-	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4,966,016	4,828,760	%3	
Total expenses	929,706,361	892,749,077	%4	

#### 2016 2015 Sectors Number Growth rate Number of Amount of Amount countries countries Culture and education 243,195,806 49 165,696,939 45 %47 27 28 %26-Economic empowerment 17,116,603 23,116,937 Development sectors Health and nutrition 20,594,752 19 29,762,807 23 %31-%5 Water and sanitation 37,492,716 26 35,555,870 28 Social wefare 243,697,902 40 219,963,489 39 %11 Food security 39 33,717,039 %1-33,264,813 41 27 %45 Social housing 112,487,374 24 77,681,007 **Total development sectors** 707,849,966 585,494,088 %21 %29-Shelter and non-food items 46,950,442 6 65,853,445 6 Humanitarian sectors 19 %43-Food and nutrition 28,895,658 15 50,829,470 Water and sanitation 2,924,287 12 12,512,125 10 %77-Emergency healthcare 2,736,717 4 18,144,499 11 %85-Emergency education 5,355,674 6 31,025,000 12 %83-**Total humanitarian sectors** 86,862,778 178,364,539 %51-Total %4 794,712,744 763,858,627

## Projects and activities expenditure by sector in QR